

Programmers Are Users Too: Human-Centered Methods for Improving Programming Tools

Brad A. Myers, Andrew J. Ko, Thomas D.
LaToza, YoungSeok Yoon
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Summary by Prof. Thomas LaToza

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Software Engineering Environments

Programmers are user too

- Key idea:
 - Developers are users.
 - HCI methods can be applied to developers.
 - Methods may be applied to tools, APIs, libraries, documentation, programming language design
- Important for tools to be useful and address an important problem
 - Should be high frequency or have a large impact
 - Tools that do not address an important problem may not be adopted

Method	Tool development activities supported	Key benefits	Challenges and limitations
Contextual inquiry	Requirements and problem analysis	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> » Experimenters gain insight into day-to-day activities and challenges. » Experimenters gain high-quality data on the developer's intent. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> » Contextual inquiry is time consuming. » Recruiting professionals might be a challenge.
Exploratory lab studies	Requirements and problem analysis	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> » Focusing on the activity of interest is easier. » Experimenters can compare participants doing the same tasks. » Experimenters gain data on the developer's intent. 	The experimental setting might differ from the real-world context.
Surveys	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> » Requirements and problem analysis » Evaluation and testing 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> » Surveys provide quantitative data. » There are many participants. » Surveys are (relatively) fast. 	The data is self-reported and is subject to bias and lack of participant awareness.
Data mining (including corpus studies and log analysis)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> » Requirements and problem analysis » Evaluation and testing 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> » Data mining provides large quantities of data. » Experimenters can see patterns that emerge only with large corpuses. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> » Inferring or reconstructing the developer's intent is difficult. » Data mining requires careful filtering.
Natural-programming elicitation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> » Requirements and problem analysis » Design 	Experimenters gain insight into developer expectations.	The experimental setting might differ from the real-world context.

Rapid prototyping	Design	Experimenters can gather feedback at low cost before committing to high-cost development.	Rapid prototyping has lower fidelity than the final tool, limiting what problems might be revealed.
Heuristic evaluations	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> » Requirements and problem analysis » Design » Evaluation and testing 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> » Evaluations are fast. » They do not require participants. 	Evaluations reveal only some types of usability issues.
Cognitive walkthroughs	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> » Design » Evaluation and testing 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> » Walkthroughs are fast. » They do not require participants. 	Walkthroughs reveal only some types of usability issues.
Think-aloud usability evaluations	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> » Requirements and problem analysis » Design » Evaluation and testing 	Evaluations reveal usability problems and the developer's intent.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> » The experimental setting might differ from the real-world context. » Evaluations require appropriate participants. » Task design is difficult.
A/B testing	Evaluation and testing	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> » Testing provides direct evidence that a new tool or technique benefits developers. » It provides objective numbers. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> » The experimental setting might differ from the real-world context. » Testing requires appropriate participants. » Task design is difficult.

Design recommendations

- Good aesthetic and interaction design
 - Better interaction design leads to better tools
- Primacy of viewing code
 - Visualizations help as comprehension and navigation aids, but want to see code
- Importance of search
 - Developers must work with vast sets of artifacts, but have specific questions. Search can help directly express.
- Augmenting what developers do
 - Developers have specific strategies. Can integrate directly into these strategies.

Questions for discussion

- Where might this method have the most impact?
- Where might this method be hard to use?
- You are trying to understand what causes defects. What method(s) might you use?
- You are trying to understand if developers are more productive writing web apps in PHP or in React. What methods might you use?